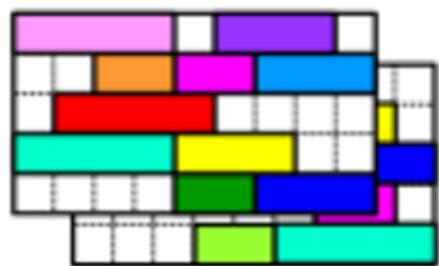




# ITC 2019

Results Using the UniTime Solver



Tomáš Müller

UNI**T**IME



August 2022

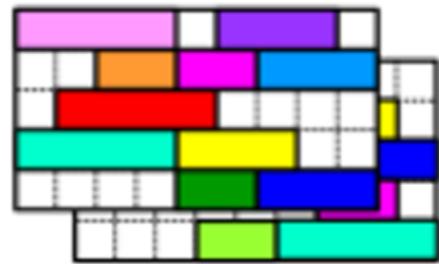


ITC 2019



UNITIME

# Overview

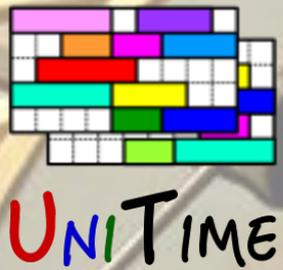


UNITIME



ITC 2019





# Introducing UniTime

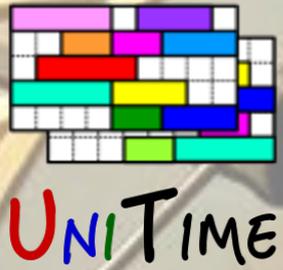
## What is UniTime?

- Comprehensive academic scheduling solution

The collage displays several key features of the UniTime system:

- Rooms:** A list of classrooms with filters for department and room type, including a map view.
- Class Detail:** A page for 'ALG 101 - Algebra I: Lec 1' showing enrollment, room, instructor, and timetable information.
- Instructional Offering Detail:** A page for 'C S 101 - Introductory Computing' showing course offerings, enrollment, and reservation options.
- Log In:** A user login interface with fields for Username and Password.
- Personal Timetable:** A user's personal schedule view with search and export options.
- Configuration:** A table for managing external IDs, enrollment limits, and room ratios.
- Examinations:** A page for managing final examinations, including a search and export interface.
- Exam List:** A detailed table of examinations with columns for classes, length, seating, size, max instructor, period, room, distribution, assigned period, and assigned room.

Classes / Courses	Length	Seating	Size	Max Instructor	Period	Room	Distribution	Assigned Period	Assigned Room
COM 101 Lec 1	60	Exam	4	2		EDUC 102	Precede	Mon 12/13 11:30a	EDUC 102
COM 101 Lec 3						EDUC 103			EDUC 103
COM 101 Lec 6									
COM 101 Lec 7									
COM 101 Lec 2	60	Exam	2	2		EDUC 102	Precede	Wed 12/15 8:00a	EDUC 102
COM 101 Lec 4						EDUC 103			
COM 101 Lec 8									
COM 101 Lec 9									



# Introducing UniTime

## What is UniTime?

- Comprehensive academic scheduling solution
- Five components

### **Courses:** time & rooms

- time preferences / availability
- room requirements
- course structure
- avoid time clashes
- student course demand
- distributions

### **Events:** room bookings

- course-related events
- personal schedule
- approval process
- unavailabilities

### **Exams:** period & rooms

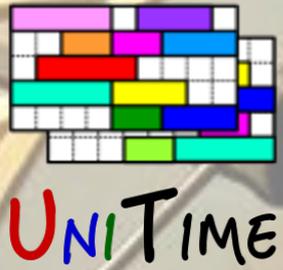
- minimise student conflicts
- period & room prefs
- distributions
- multiple rooms
- room sharing

### **Instructors:** teaching assignments

- teaching load
- qualifications / skills
- preferences
- course spreading

### **Students:** class schedule

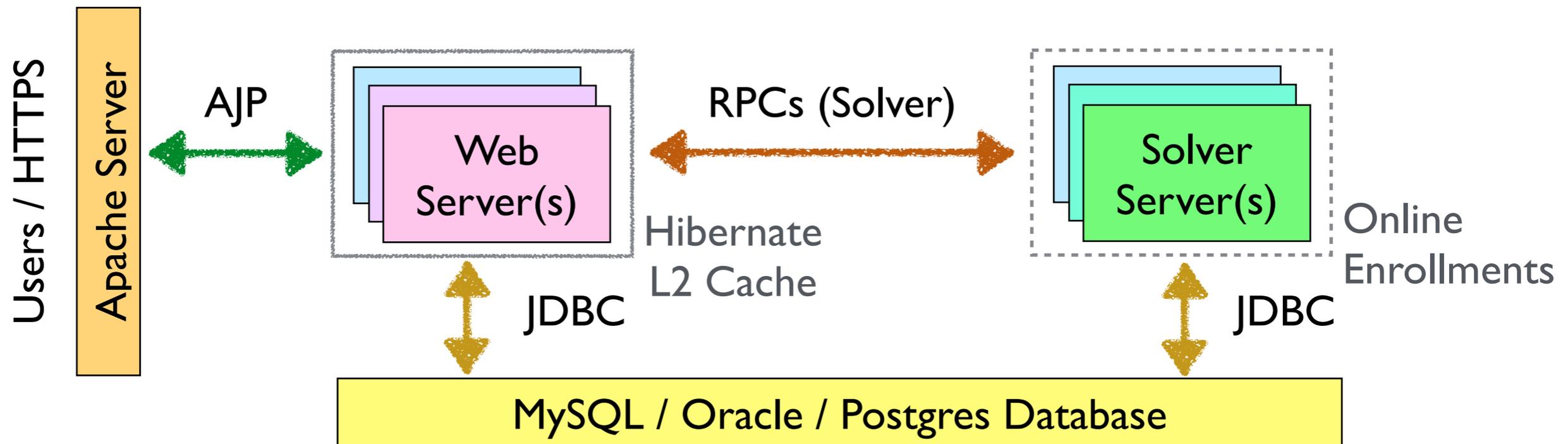
- course requirements
- alternatives / free times
- reservations
- section balancing
- schedule quality

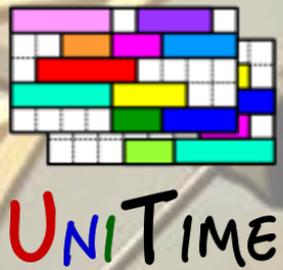


# Introducing UniTime

## What is UniTime?

- Comprehensive academic scheduling solution
- Five components: course timetabling, examination timetabling, student scheduling, instructor scheduling, and event management
- Open Source, web-based, written in Java using modern technologies

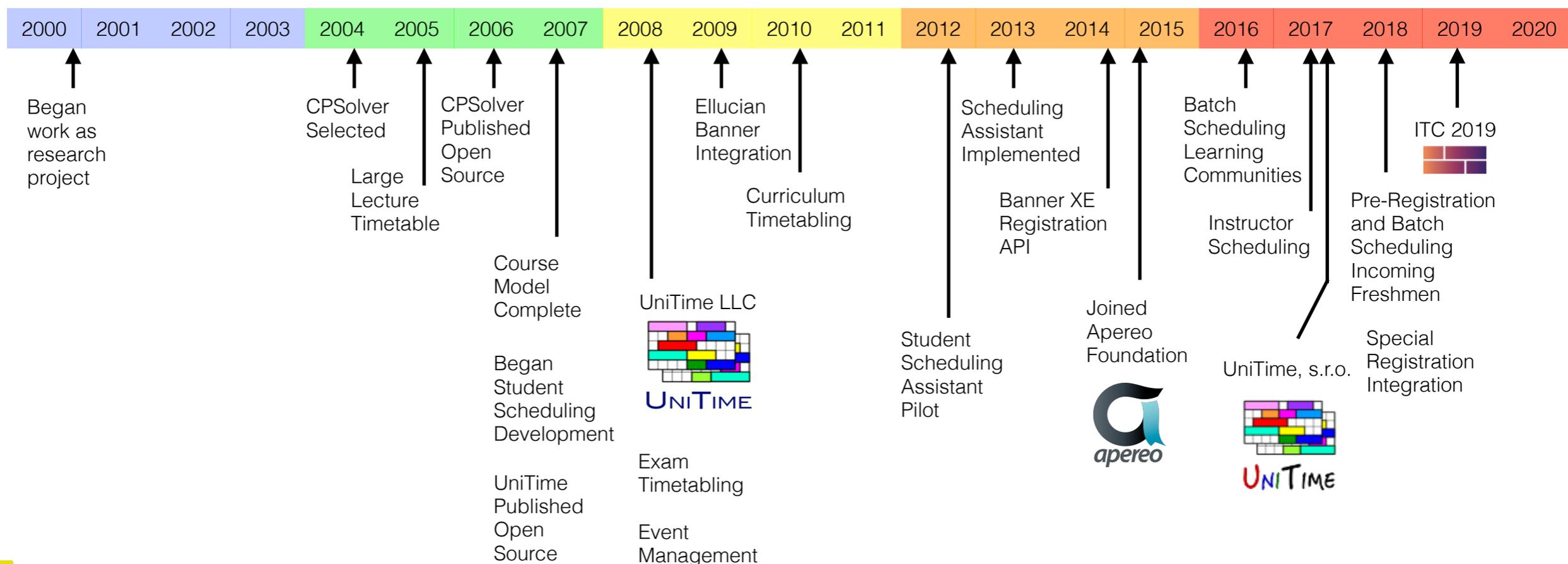


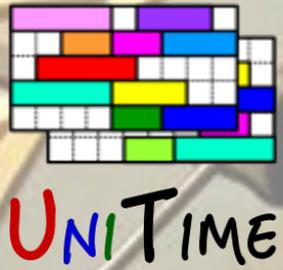


# Introducing UniTime

## What is UniTime?

- Comprehensive academic scheduling solution
- Five components: course timetabling, examination timetabling, student scheduling, instructor scheduling, and event management
- Open Source, web-based, written in Java using modern technologies
- Over two decades of research & development

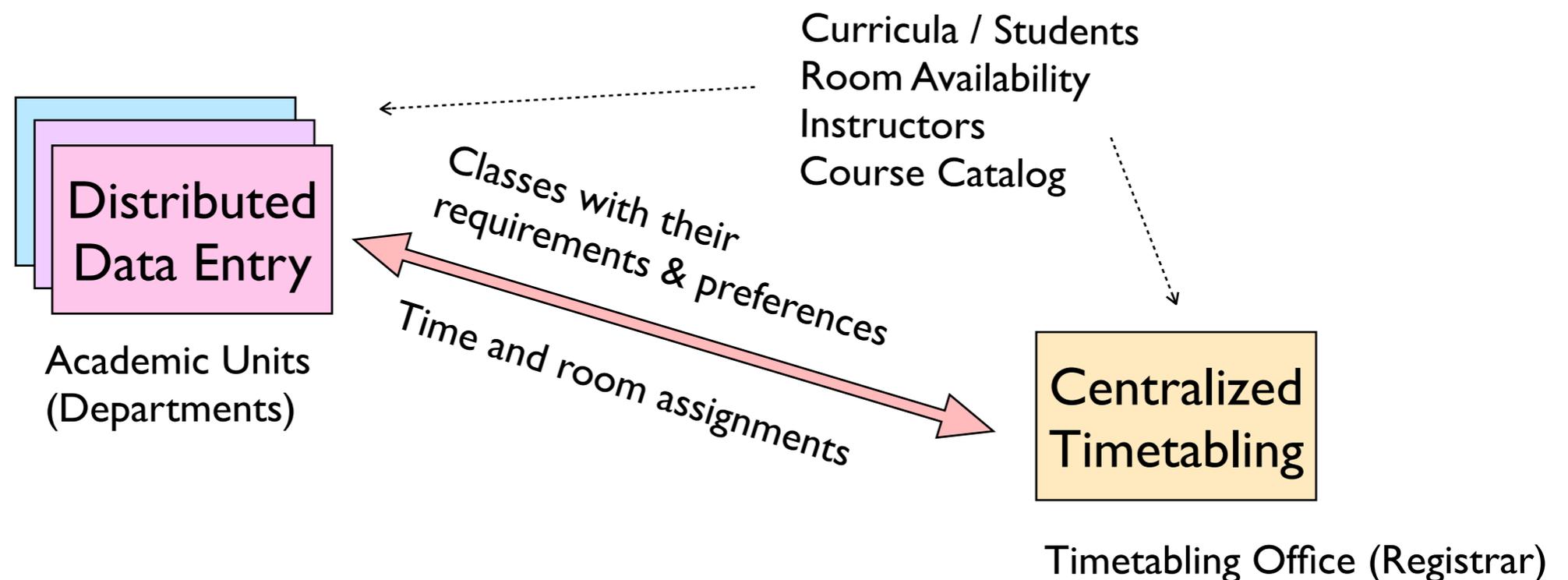


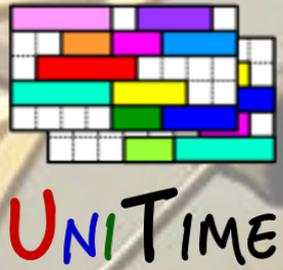


# Introducing UniTime

## What is UniTime?

- Comprehensive academic scheduling solution
- Five components: course timetabling, examination timetabling, student scheduling, instructor scheduling, and event management
- Open Source, web-based, written in Java using modern technologies
- Over two decades of research & development
- **Distributed data entry and timetabling in a multi-user environment**





# UniTime Users

## Word cloud

- Over 500 voluntary registrations
- 97 institutions have indicated that they use UniTime in production
- 45 new registrations during the last 12 months
- 10 institutions from 4 continents has provided data for the ITC 2019 competition



as of May 2022

## UniTime Solver: CPSolver

- Open source: <https://github.com/UniTime/cpsolver>
- Java library that can be used outside of UniTime
- Constraint programming-like modelling / framework
  - Variables, values, hard and soft constraints, optimisation criteria
  - Search algorithms and heuristics using abstract classes
  - Automatically ensures feasibility
- For each problem
  - Constraint model, optimisation criteria, additional neighbourhoods
- Iterative Forward Search
  - Takes one variable at a time and assigns it, conflicts are unassigned
  - Conflicts-based statistics used to escape local optima
- Other techniques can be used
  - Local-search based like Great Deluge, Simulated Annealing, etc.
- Default: IFS until a complete solution is found, Great Deluge afterward

## ITC 2019

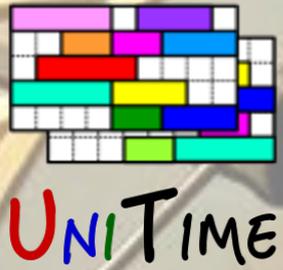


International  
Timetabling  
Competition 2019

- Course timetabling component
  - Time and room assignment of classes
  - Student sectioning (students request courses, put in classes)
- Ten institutions donated their data
  - Anonymised, asked for at least two terms each (e.g., Fall and Spring)
- Simplified problem formulation
  - Easier model without losing computational complexity
- XML data format
  - Different from what UniTime is using
  - Only containing information needed

## Simplified Problem Formulation

- Times & Rooms
  - At most one room, simplified room sharing, overlaps not allowed
  - GPS coordinates and travel times in minutes converted
  - Date patterns > weeks
- Instructors
  - No instructors in ITC2019, using *SameAttendees* distribution instead
- Students
  - No student reservations, hard student conflicts, student weights/priorities
- Distributions
  - Carefully selected distribution constraints (e.g., avoiding BTB)
  - Small changes in soft constraint penalisations
- Objectives
  - Only the four most important optimisation criteria
  - Removed: minimise extra space in rooms, keep students together, etc.



# Using UniTime Solver

## Using UniTime/CPSolver on ITC 2019 instances

- Open source: <https://github.com/tomas-muller/cpsolver-itc2019>
- Default configuration (*that comes with UniTime*)
  - 2 hour time limit, single CPU thread, 10 independent runs
  - Weights of the four criteria adjusted according to the instance
- Load/save of the competition format
- UniTime penalisation of soft distribution constraints
  - Bonus for satisfying a distribution constraint fully
  - MaxBreak use quadratic penalisations
  - MaxBlock penalisation considers block length
- UniTime student sectioning
  - Initial sectioning during the data load
    - Similar students are kept together
  - Final sectioning at the end of the solver run
    - Great Deluge with single student moves, and two student swaps
  - Smaller weight on student conflicts between classes with alternatives

Late Instance	UniTime		Best Result at ITC2019.org					Müller
	2h Best	Average	Holm	Rappos	Gashi	Er-rhaimini	Lemos	
agh-fal17	130 635	133 754.9	<u>140 194</u>		184 030	153 236	<u>142 687</u>	<b>117 627</b>
bet-spr18	352 249	353 373.5	<b><u>348 524</u></b>	360 057	360 437	373 039	<u>353 920</u>	348 533
<u>iku-spr18</u>	40 765	43 082.0	<b><u>25 863</u></b>	36 711	85 969	70 932	<u>45 537</u>	35 184
<u>lums-fal17</u>	398	411.1	<b>349</b>	386	486	558	<u>813</u>	366
mary-fal18	4 924	5 101.4	<b><u>4 331</u></b>	5 637	7 199	6 944	44 097	4 795
muni-fi-fal17	3 506	3 789.5	<b><u>2 837</u></b>	3 794	4 712	4 820	<u>4 161</u>	3 166
muni-fspsx-fal17	12 455	15 639.9	<u>10 645</u>	33 001	<u>41 933</u>	104 625	<u>101 317</u>	<b>10 014</b>
muni-pdfx-fal17	117 382	125 200.6	<b><u>82 258</u></b>	151 464	<u>159 203</u>	191 887	<u>151 461</u>	96 312
pu-d9-fal19	46 067	47 441.5	<b><u>38 834</u></b>	134 009	82 757	70 450	<u>47 543</u>	44 440
<u>tg-spr18</u>	16 140	20 418.2	<b>12 704</b>	12 856	15 992	19 738	31 900	14 548

as of August 2022

- Best known solution is in **bold**
- Solutions improved after the competition are underlined
- Second best solution within the finalists is **blue**
- UniTime results better than the second best are **purple**

Middle Instance	UniTime		Best Result at ITC2019.org					Müller
	2h Best	Average	Holm	Rappos	Gashi	Er-rhaimini	Lemos	
agh-ggos-spr17	3 905	4 789.9	<b><u>2 855</u></b>	6 320	<u>9 328</u>	7 725	79 745	3 385
agh-h-spr17	22 655	24 867.0	<b><u>21 161</u></b>	26 159	25 081	25 745	<u>55 887</u>	22 161
<u>lums-spr18</u>	105	108.6	<b>95</b>	114	107	178	<u>547</u>	97
muni-fi-spr17	4 201	4 365.0	<b><u>3 738</u></b>	4 289	4 692	5 433	18 080	3 953
muni-fsps-spr17c	4 036	4 925.0	<b><u>2 594</u></b>	3 303	9 222	23 520	618 217	2 951
muni-pdf-spr16	22 038	23 804.6	<b><u>17 159</u></b>	24 318	40 074	38 826	310 994	19 768
nbi-spr18	19 403	19 858.7	<b>18 014</b>	19 055	26 517	30 309	49 924	18 627
pu-d5-spr17	15 303	15 565.8	<u>15 842</u>	18 813	19 440	20 242	15 733	<b>15 184</b>
pu-proj-fal19	120 594	124 043.6	<u>147 712</u>	561 194	237 909	176 039	128 370	<b>117 169</b>
yach-fal17	1 799	2 000.6	<u>1 135</u>	1 844	1 727	3 181	<u>32 198</u>	<b>1 074</b>

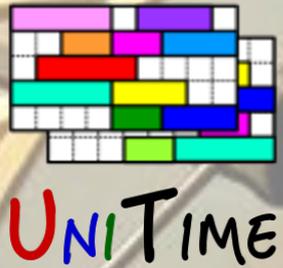
as of August 2022

- Best known solution is in **bold**
- Solutions improved after the competition are underlined
- Second best solution within the finalists is **blue**
- UniTime results better than the second best are **purple**

Early Instance	UniTime		Best Result at ITC2019.org					Müller
	2h Best	Average	Holm	Rappos	Gashi	Er-rhaimini	Lemos	
agh-fis-spr17	4 022	4 630.3	<b><u>2 985</u></b>	4 557	6 799	5 709	35 139	3 342
agh-ggis-spr17	46 809	48 964.4	<b><u>34 285</u></b>	36 616	77 932	56 755	<u>161 118</u>	36 305
bet-fal17	293 839	294 907.0	<b><u>289 656</u></b>	295 427	299 205	313 812	<u>296 015</u>	289 954
<u>iku-fal17</u>	27 112	28 178.4	<b>18 968</b>	26 840	50 613	44 482	<u>29 929</u>	23 096
mary-spr17	15 207	15 494.2	<b>14 910</b>	15 021	15 894	16 698	51 147	15 122
muni-fi-spr16	4 131	4 227.4	<b><u>3 752</u></b>	3 844	5 006	5 207	19 314	4 039
muni-fsps-spr17	883	1 794.9	<b>868</b>	883	1 938	4 135	211 142	879
muni-pdf-spr16c	50 074	53 157.3	<b><u>33 331</u></b>	37 487	58 206	77 573	<u>53 803</u>	39 344
pu-llr-spr17	11 404	11 872.3	<b>10 038</b>	13 385	16 874	19 231	68 003	10 772
<u>tg-fal17</u>	5 337	5 816.5	<b>4 215</b>	4 215	8 044	7 358	6 774	4 215

as of August 2022

- Best known solution is in **bold**
- Solutions improved after the competition are underlined
- Second best solution within the finalists is **blue**
- UniTime results better than the second best are **purple**



## ITC 2019: Results Using the UniTime Solver

- One 2h run is usually enough for the users (default is 30 mins)
- Better results can be achieved with longer run times and some parameter tuning
  - But the UniTime solver would not beat the winner  
*(at its current state with just parameter tuning and longer run time)*
  - It is to be seen if the winner algorithm could be used in practice
- ITC 2019 was a success
  - All the five finalist were able to produce solutions that were on par of better than what UniTime would produce out of the box
  - There is still a lot of interest in the competition data

**Thank you!**

For more details about UniTime please see <https://www.unitime.org>